Detection of PVY strains in Potato Tubers at Different Developmental Phases by Melting Analysis of an Oligonucleotide Virus Probe.

David levy (Physiology), Neta Rotem (Molecular biology), Arie Rosner (Virology), Haim D. Rabinowitch (Head of the group).

EAPR Pathology and Pests Symposium Neuchâtel, Switzerland 2019

In the Middle East there are two main cropping seasons: the spring season (**imported seeds**) and the following autumn-winter season (**locally grown seeds**)







Winter crop in the south-west Israeli Negev where 80% of potatoes are produced

Seed tubers for the autumn-winter seasons are produced locally in the preceding spring season.

The subtropical climate promotes high incidences of aphid populations with the consequent hazards of PVY infection.



The presence of NTN can cause sever damage to the growers.









Am. J. Potato Res. (2016) 93:620–625 DOI 10.1007/s12230-016-9531-7





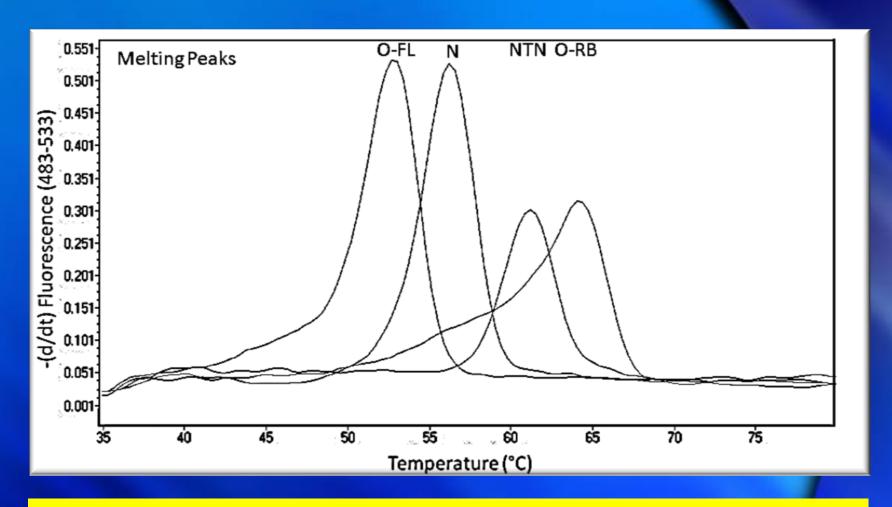
SHORT COMMUNICATION

Detection and Differentiation of Potato Virus Y Strains by Melting Analysis of an Oligonucleotide Virus Probe

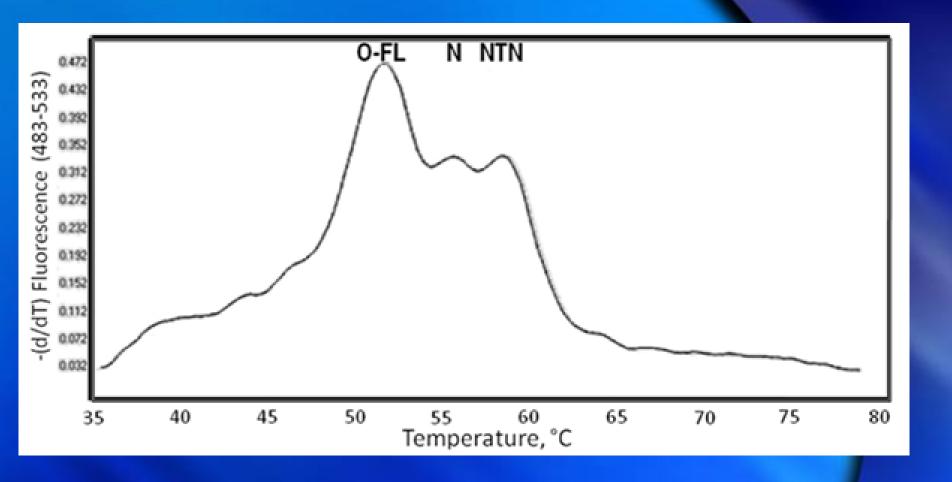
N. Rotem 1 · C. Shtein 1 · A. Rosner 2 · D. Levy 1 · H. D. Rabinowitch 1

Physiological phase	Tuber source	Variety	No. of tubers	PVY positive
Pre-dormant	Spring 2016-prior to foliage desiccation	VR808	34	10
Pre-dormant	Winter-prior to foliage desiccation	VR808	28	27
Pre-dormant	Spring 2017-prior to foliage desiccation	VR808	10	10
Dormant	Winter harvest	VR808	36	18
Dormant	Spring harvest	Caruso	12	10
Post dormant-not sprouting	Spring harvest	VR808	24	17
Post dormant-not sprouting	Imported seed tubers	VR808	12	1
Initial sprouting	Spring harvest	Gabriel	24	4
Initial sprouting	Spring harvest	Joshua	25	6
Sprouts (5mm)	Imported seed tubers	VR808	12	1
Sprouts (10 mm)	Imported seed tubers	VR808	12	4

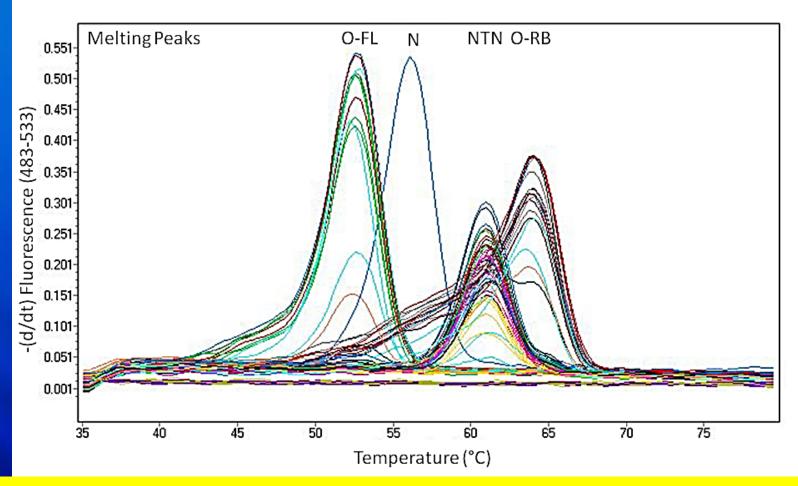
- PVY was detected in tubers at various developmental phases
- Locally grown tubers (spring season) are prone to high PVY infection



Melting curves of four classified reference PVY strains: O-FL, O-RB, N and NTN, analyzed with the RT-PCR-Light-Cycler 480.



Naturally occurring mixture of the Potato Virus Y (PVY) strains O-FL, N and NTN identified in a field grown tuber. Tuber extracts were analyzed by the RT-PCR Light-Cycler 480.



Melting curves of individual extracts from 55 tubers randomly picked from commercial fields and of four reference strains. Tuber-extracts analyzed using the RT-PCR-Light-Cycler 480.

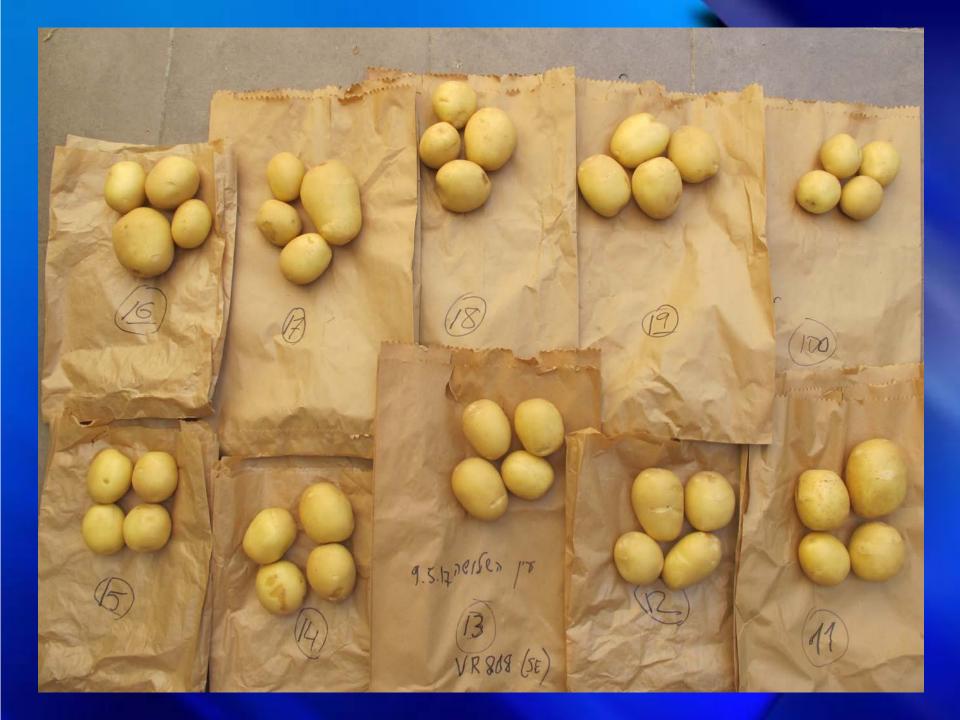
The "pre-dormant' tubers experiment – spring 2017

Prior to the chemical top kill in the spring, 10 plants of the cv. VR808 were sampled in the field.

From each plant, senescent leaves and pre-dormant tubers of 40-50 mm in diameter were sampled and assayed instantly ('rose end' and 'heel end').

The assayed tubers and their intact sister tubers were stored in 4 °C for 5 months followed by a month at room temperature.

A grow-out test was conducted.



	Senecsent						
	leaves	Pre-dorma	ant tubers	tubers		Post storage Sister tubers	
Plant		Tuber		Young leaves		Young leaves	
		Rose end Heel end		DAP 19	DAP 40	DAP 19	Dap 40
1	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN	None	O-FL+NTN	None	N
2	None	O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL	None	O-FL	O-FL	O-FL
3	None	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL	O-FL	None	NTN
4	None	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN			O-FL	O-FL
5	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	N	O-FL	None	None	None
6	None	O-FL+N	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	0-FL+NTN
7	None	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN			None	O-FL
8	O-FL+NTN	O-FL	O-FL			O-RB	O-RB
9	None	O-FL+NTN	N			O-FL+O-RB	O-FL+O-RB
10	None	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN			N	NTN

- -PVY detection in senescent leaves did not correlate with virus incidence in the tubers of the same plants.
- -75% of the samples in the tubers contained a mixture of strains.

O-FL+N+NTN

-Occurrence of strain variability in the same tuber is evident.

Senescent leaves			Pre-dormant Tuber		
		Rose end	Heel end		
	O-FL+NTN		O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN	
	None		O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL	
	None		O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	
	None		O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	
	O-FL+NTN		O-FL+NTN	N	
	None		O-FL+N	O-FL+NTN	
	None		O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	
	O-FL+NTN		O-FL	O-FL	
	None		O-FL+NTN	N	

O-FL+NTN

None

In the grow-out tests, virus detection tends to be improved in the later test (DAP 40)

Post storage Sister tubers				
Young leaves				
DAP 19	Dap 40			
None	N			
O-FL	O-FL			
None	NTN			
O-FL	O-FL			
None	None			
O-FL+NTN	0-FL+NTN			
None	O-FL			
O-RB	O-RB			
O-FL+O-RB	O-FL+O-RB			
N NTN				

Barker et al. (1993) failed to detect the virus in PVY infected tubers after 20 weeks in storage at 10° C and suggested that a slowdown in virus replication led to a reduction in viral RNA to a level below the limits of assay detection in the stored tubers.

Post storage assayed						
Pre-dormant tubers		tubers		Post storage Sister tubers		
Tuber		Young	leaves	Young leaves		
Rose end	Heel end	DAP 19	DAP 40	DAP 19	Dap 40	
O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN	None	O-FL+NTN	None	N	
O-FL+N+NTN	O-FL	None	O-FL	O-FL	O-FL	
O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL	O-FL	None	NTN	
O-FL+NTN	N	O-FL	None	None	None	
O-FL+N	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	O-FL+NTN	0-FL+NTN	
O-FL+NTN	N			O-FL+O-RB	O-FL+O-RB	
O-FL+NTN	O-FL+N+NTN	ı		N	NTN	

PVY strains may vary in the tuber and in the young leaves in a grow-out test

Naturally occurring mixtures of PVY strains:

O-FL, O-RB, N and NTN were detected in the 'rose end' and the 'heel end' of the tubers and in the young leaves grown in a grow-out assay.

O-FL was the dominant strain detected in 60% of the samples followed by NTN in 40% of the samples.

The dominant mixture was O-FL+NTN (30%)

Akcnowledments:

We are grateful to Dr. Xianzohou Nie, Potato Research Center, Fredericton, Canada, For generously providing us with the PVY strains.



This work was part of a research and development project entitled:

Development and Improvement of Local Seed Potato Production in the Middle East.

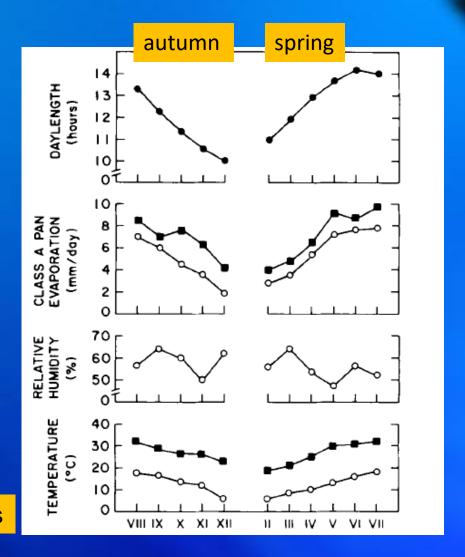
Participants: Morocco, Egypt, Lebanon, Jordan, Israel

Funded by: the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID- MERC).



The ability to detect PVY decreased substantially after tubers had been stored for 20 weeks at 10~ ATA-ELISA detected virus in only half the tubers from infected plants. However, PCR detected PVY very inefficiently in infected tubers after 20 weeks storage.

Barker et. al. 1993



Regional averages

The mean monthly maximum/minimum temperatures are: 18.3/5.6, 22.9/7.6, 26.8/10.3, 31.9/14.5 and 33.4/14.5 respectively for February, March, April, May and June (averages of 17 years' data).

The probe provider: (RND-DYN-3001-POTATO, Genotyping DNA Markers DYN R&D, Caesarea, Israel)

Oligonucleotide – a relatively short fragments of <u>nucleic acids</u> with defined chemical structure (<u>sequence</u>).